


21 Usi idiomatici di *to have*

 041 Ascolta e leggi. Che cosa fanno di pomeriggio Paula e la sua amica?



Hi! Paula here. We're on our cruise in the Mediterranean. The ship is fantastic! It's got everything. The weather's perfect. We have our meals in a wonderful restaurant where the food is excellent. In the afternoons I have a swim in the pool and Grace has a massage at the spa. In the evenings there's a lot of entertainment.

We're really having a good time! Pity you're not here with us. We miss you. Hugs.



0:23

11:53 AM ✓

• Oltre ad essere usato con il significato di "avere/possedere", il verbo **to have** è usato in alcune espressioni con altri significati. Tra queste ricorda:

Attività quotidiane**To have...****a bath / a shower**

fare il bagno / la doccia

breakfast

fare (la prima) colazione

a drink

prendere una bibita

lunch

pranzare

a meal

fare un pasto

a shave

radersi

a snack →

fare uno spuntino / merenda

something**to eat**

mangiare qualcosa

something to drink

bere qualcosa

supper / dinner

cenare

(a) tea / (a) coffee / ...

bere (un) tè / (un) caffè / ...

**Attività nel tempo libero****To have...****a barbecue**

fare una barbecue

a break

fare una pausa

a chat

fare una chiacchierata

a holiday

fare una vacanza

a party

dare / fare una festa

a picnic

fare un picnic

a ride on a bike

fare un giro in bici

a ride on a horse

fare una cavalcata

a row (in a boat)

fare un giro in barca (a remi)

a swim →

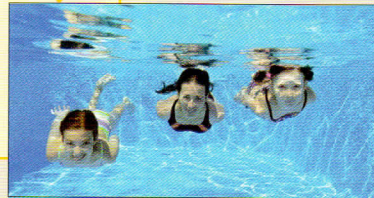
fare una nuotata

a trip

fare un viaggio

a walk / a stroll

fare una passeggiata

**Altre espressioni****To have...****an accident**

fare / avere un incidente

a dream

fare un sogno

an experience

fare esperienza

fun / a good time

divertirsi

a haircut

farsi tagliare i capelli

a look (at)

dare un'occhiata (a)

a massage

fare un massaggio

a nap →

fare un sonnellino

a puncture

forare, bucare (di gomme)

a rest

riposare



• In questi casi **to have** non è mai alla forma contratta, non è mai seguito da *got*, ammette la forma progressiva e richiede l'uso degli ausiliari **do/does** o **did** nelle forme negativa, interrogativa e interrogativo-negativa:

John is having breakfast.
John sta facendo colazione.






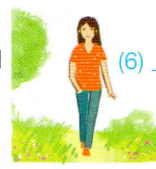

Why don't we have a picnic next Sunday?
Perché non facciamo un picnic domenica prossima?

• riprendere gli appunti e questionari pag 76
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 1A

Practice

In your eBook+
• More practice

1. Osserva le figure e completa il testo con uno degli usi idiomatici di **to have**.

I always  (1) _____ at 7.30, but before that I generally  (2) _____, then I say goodbye to mum and catch the bus to school. We have a break at 10.50 and during the break I  (3) _____. There is a vending machine in every corridor of the school, so if I am thirsty, I  (4) _____. After school I sometimes  (5) _____ if I am tired, but if the weather is fine, I  (6) _____ in the park or I  (7) _____ at the local pool.

2. Completa le frasi con uno degli usi idiomatici di **to have**.

- We usually have _____ late in the evening, but it's generally a light meal.
- It's Marion's birthday next Saturday. Let's have a _____ to celebrate!
- In summer when it's hot dad usually has a _____ under this big pine-tree.
- Don't drive so fast! It's dangerous. I don't want to have an _____.
- There are donkeys for hire. Why don't we have a _____ on the beach?
- For their anniversary my parents want to have a _____ abroad in March.
- "Are you ready?" "Yes, just a minute. Let me have a quick _____ at my emails."
- Don't you think your hair's too long? Why don't you have a _____?

3. Completa i seguenti mini-dialoghi come nell'esempio.

A I usually have buttered toast with marmalade for breakfast.

B Sorry? What **do you usually have**?

A Buttered toast with marmalade.

- | | |
|-----------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1. A My mother has a relaxing massage once a week. | 3. A The boss always has fish and chips for lunch. |
| B Sorry? How often _____? | B Pardon? What _____? |
| A Once a week. | A Fish and chips. |
| 2. A My brother sometimes has a snack at midnight. | 4. A In summer we often have a barbecue in our back garden. |
| B Pardon? What time _____? | B Sorry? Where _____? |
| A At midnight. | A In our back garden. |

4. Scrivi frasi complete usando il verbo **to have** alla forma corretta del **simple present** e aggiungendo gli elementi necessari.

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|------------------------------------|----------------------------------------|
| 1. Doreen / always / fun / seaside | 4. my father / seldom / lunch / us |
| 2. why / we / not / tea / sunroom? | 5. why / we / not / picnic / tomorrow? |
| 3. I / hot bath / every evening | 6. we / never / coffee / after dinner |