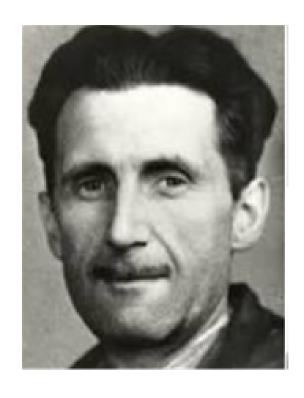
GEORGE ORWELL

(1903 - 1950)

LIFE AND MAIN WORKS



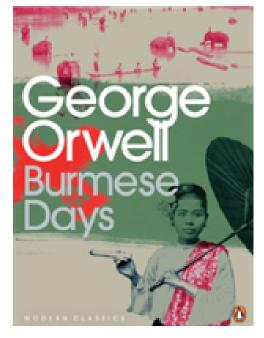
George Orwell (the pen name of Eric Arthur Blair) was born in Bengal in 1903, the son of a customs official.

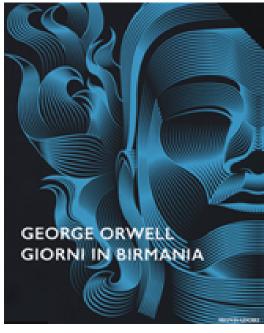
He was brought to England and educated at Eton.

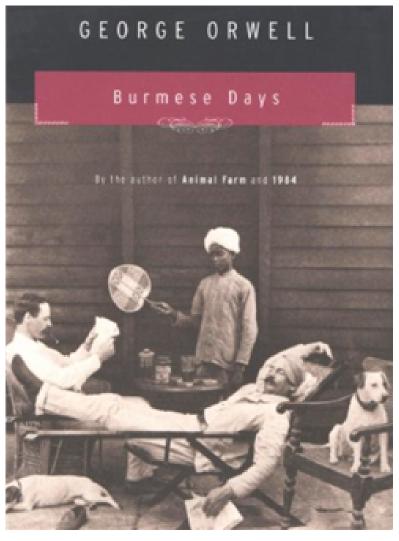
From 1922 to 1927 he served in Britain's imperial police force in India: he resigned on January 1st 1928 because of his hostility to imperialism.

This experience is reflected in his first novel, "Burmese Days" (1934), in which Orwell expresses his

negative opinions about imperialism and colonialism.







He wanted to become a writer and returned to Europe. He took up a series of jobs to support himself while his work continued to be rejected by publishers.

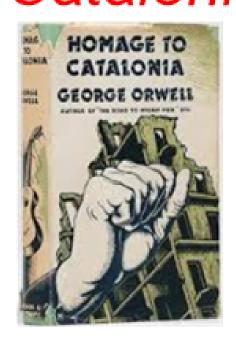
"Down and Out in Paris and London" (1933) describes the conditions of poverty Orwell lived in at this time.

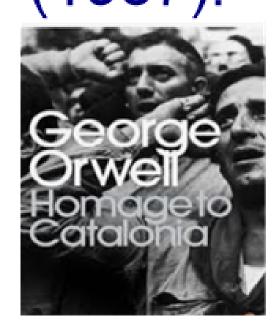
In the following years he published both fiction and journalism.

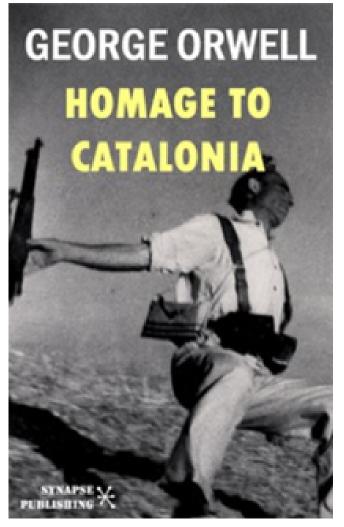
Novels such as "A Clergyman's Daughter" (1935) and "Keep the Aspidistra Flying" (1936) reflected his socialist beliefs.

During the Spanish Civil War he fought for the Republicans against the Fascists led by General Franco:

an experience which produced "Homage to Catalonia" (1937).







Even if Orwell continued to hold socialist views, during the war years he became disillusioned with Soviet communism under Stalin.

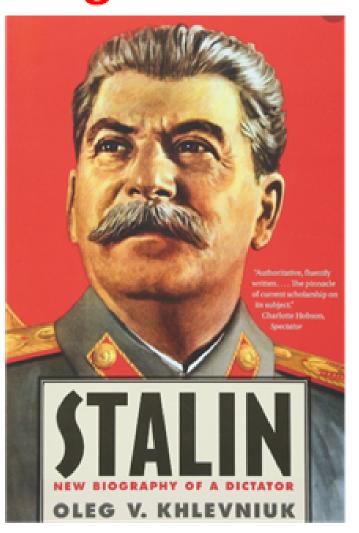
Orwell thought that Stalin had betrayed the aims of the Russian Revolution by transforming Russia

into a totalitarian state.

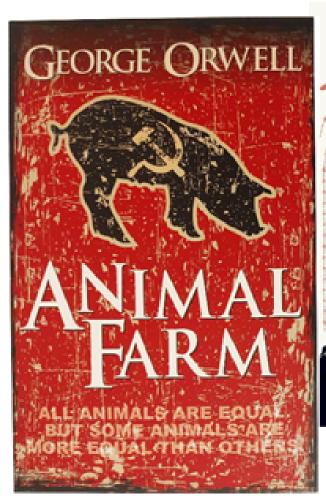
In his opinion, Stalin was a dictator.

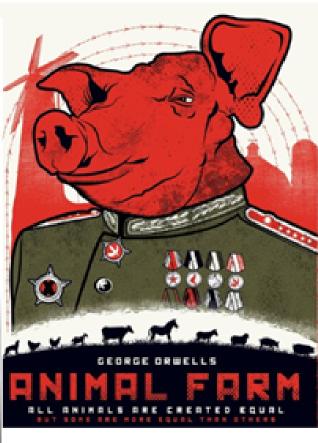






This was to form the subject of the satirical fable "Animal Farm" (1945).







"Animal Farm" tells the story of a group of farm animals who rebel against their human farmer, hoping to create a society where the animals can be equal, free, and happy. Ultimately, however, the rebellion is betrayed and the farm ends up in a state as bad as it was before, under the dictatorship of a pig named Napoleon.

According to Orwell, the fable reflects the events leading up to the Russian Revolution of 1917 and then on into the Stalinist era of the Soviet Union.



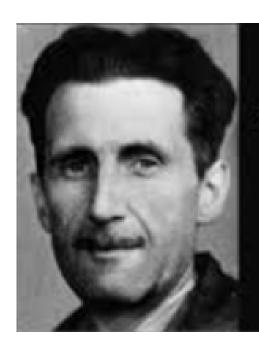
"Animal Farm" was followed in 1948 by the prophetic dystopian* vision of "Nineteen Eighty-Four".





*Dystopia: an imagined state or society in which there is great suffering or injustice, typically one that is totalitarian or postapocalyptic.

George Orwell died in January 1950 of tuberculosis, at the age of 46.



During times of universal deceit, telling the truth becomes a revolutionary act.

(George Orwell)

